

7./8. maj 2020

How often? (Kako pogosto?)

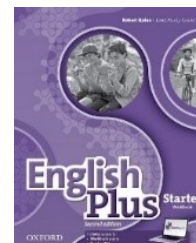
Goal: Practising adverbs of frequency with the Present Simple.

How did it go yesterday? We will practice some more today.

1) Open your Workbook on page 45 (**WB, p. 45**).

Do exercise 1 – it is a table with the rules for **Present Simple** positive (affirmative) and negative. Then **do exercise 2**. – Again, it is an exercise to practice both forms of the Present Simple.

2) Now let's repeat the adverbs of frequency – they answer the question: **How often?**



Here is a video with the rules from your Student's book about adverbs of frequency (p. 55):

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/1t-H9Goi6FJQwPCfwVR58WPWrX5Cmffk/view>

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Do **exercises 3 and 4**. Be careful how you position the adverbs.

The answers for all exercises are on the next page.

***) OPTIONAL:** If want **extra** practice, you can also do exercise **5** in your WB, p. 45 and send it to me. 😊

Kako pogosto?

Kako je šlo včeraj? Danes bomo še vadili to snov povezano s sedanjikom in časovnimi izrazi.

1) Odpri delovni zvezek (DZ, str. 45). Naredi nalogi 1 in 2.

*Prva naloga je povzetek pravil trdilne in nikalne oblike **navadnega sedanjika**. Druga naloga je vaja teh pravil.*

2) Zdaj pa ponovimo še **prislove pogostosti, torej časovne izraze, ki jih uporabljamo z navadnim sedanjikom.**

Pravila za uporabo prislovov pogostosti si lahko še enkrat ogledaš v video razlagi iz učbenika (str. 55):

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/1t-H9Goi6FJQwPCfwVR58WPWrX5Cmffk/view>

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*Zdaj pa reši **nalogi 3 in 4 (DZ, str. 45)**. V tretji so spet bolj pravila, v četrti pa vaje. Pazi na postavitev oz. vrstni red prislovov pogostosti v povedi glede na glagol.*

Rešitve za vse naloge najdeš na naslednji strani.

***) IZBIRNO:** Kdor želi **dodatno** vajo, lahko naredi nalogo **5** v DZ., str. 45. 😊 Nalogo mi lahko pošljete.

ANSWERS/REŠITVE:

DZ, str. 45:

1 ★ Choose the correct words to complete the table.

Affirmative	
I / You	like / likes music.
He / She / It	like / likes music.
We / You / They	like / likes music.
Negative	
I / You	don't / doesn't like music.
He / She / It	don't / doesn't like music.
We / You / They	don't / doesn't like music.

2 ★★ Complete the sentences with the present simple form of the verbs in brackets.

Katy listens to music, but she doesn't play the guitar. (listen / not play)

- We don't draw pictures, but we take a lot of photos. (not draw / take)
- Bill doesn't go shopping at weekends. He does sport with his friends. (not go / do)
- The students chat in class, but they don't use their phones. (chat / not use)
- Mario speaks Italian with his family, but he doesn't read Italian books. (speak / not read)
- I don't walk to school in the morning. I go with my dad in his car. (not walk / go)
- Emma doesn't watch TV after school, but she plays computer games. (not watch / play)

3 ★ Complete the table with the adverbs of frequency in the box.

always never often sometimes
usually

1	always							
	usually							
2	often							
3	sometimes							
4	never							

4 ★★ Rewrite the sentences using the adverbs of frequency in exercise 3.

I play volleyball once a week.

I sometimes play volleyball.

- Lily does gymnastics from Monday to Friday.
Lily usually does gymnastics
- The boys go cycling three days a week.
The boys often go cycling
- You don't play volleyball.
You never play volleyball
- My friends are late every day.
My friends are always late
- Katy practises the guitar five days a week.
Katy usually practises the guitar
- Tom goes shopping once a month.
Tom sometimes goes shopping